

Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

Financial Statements

For the Year ended June 30, 2018

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wray School District RD-2 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note O to the financial statements, in 2018 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, historical pension information and other post-employment benefit plan information, listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 10, 2018

**WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Management Discussion and Analysis
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018**

This section of Wray School District RD-2's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of Wray School District RD-2 exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,614,047 (net position - deficit).
- The district's total net position decreased by \$4,133,229. This change in net position is due in large part to the inclusion of the District's share of PERA's pension and OPEB liabilities. Please refer to Notes H and J for more details.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,688,104 or 82% of the \$9,375,551 in total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, and grants accounted for \$1,687,447 or 18% of revenues.
- The general fund ending fund balance reached \$3,242,157, an increase of \$465,286 from last year.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. A comparison to the prior year's activity is normally provided in the document. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and retiree's early retirement bonuses). In the government-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are divided into two categories:

- **Governmental activities:** Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, food service, administration. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities.
- **Business-type activities:** The wind turbine operations are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through charges and fees.

The government-wide financial statements consolidate the governmental and business type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's operations, focusing on the most significant or "major" funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District has three kinds of funds: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the status of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's program.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Thus, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances for the General Fund and Bond Redemption Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three nonmajor governmental funds are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for the nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of a budgetary comparison schedule elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The School District maintains a proprietary fund to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in its wind turbine fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to count for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the school district. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 26-64 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents other supplementary information concerning the School District's annual appropriated budgets with comparison statements that demonstrate compliance with budgets. Budgeted amounts may be found on pages 78-94.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position.

68% of the School District's assets are investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment). The school District uses these assets to provide instruction and related services to its students.

The following table provides a summary of the district's net position as of June 30, 2018.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change 2017-2018
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Current and Other assets	\$ 5,747,762	\$ 4,979,099	\$ 74,599	\$ 99,207	\$ 5,822,361	\$ 5,078,306	14.65%
Capital assets	11,451,384	11,813,160	891,114	978,528	12,342,498	12,791,688	-3.51%
Total assets	17,199,146	16,792,259	965,713	1,077,735	18,164,859	17,869,994	1.65%
Deferred outflows of resources	8,240,830	9,294,710	-	-	8,240,830	9,294,710	-11.34%
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$25,439,976	\$26,086,969	\$ 965,713	\$1,077,735	\$26,405,689	\$27,164,704	-2.79%
Other liabilities	\$ 714,792	\$ 656,521	\$ 21,439	\$ -	\$ 736,231	\$ 656,521	12.14%
Long-term liabilities	29,682,998	27,123,986	20,000	40,000	29,702,998	27,163,986	9.35%
Total liabilities	30,397,790	27,780,507	41,439	40,000	30,439,229	27,820,507	9.41%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,580,508	266,304	-	-	1,580,508	266,304	493.50%
Net investment in capital assets	8,377,806	8,237,69	871,114	938,528	9,248,920	9,175,597	0.80%
Restricted	1,663,751	1,614,051	-	-	1,663,751	1,614,051	3.08%
Unrestricted	(16,579,878)	(11,810,962)	53,160	99,207	(16,526,718)	(11,711,755)	41.11%
Total net position	(6,538,321)	(1,959,842)	924,274	1,037,735	(5,614,047)	(922,107)	508.83%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$25,439,976	\$26,086,969	\$ 965,713	\$1,077,735	\$26,405,689	\$27,164,704	-2.79%

Following is a summary of the School District's change in net position.

Revenues	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change 2017-2018
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 151,515	\$ 158,064	\$ 65,744	\$ 82,560	\$ 217,259	\$ 240,624	-9.71%
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,374,418	1,156,740	-	-	1,374,418	1,156,740	18.82%
Capital Grants & Contributions	95,770	248,483	-	-	95,770	248,483	-61.46%
General Revenue							
Property taxes	3,637,599	3,381,335	-	-	3,637,599	3,381,335	7.58%
State equalization	3,958,348	3,671,415	-	-	3,958,348	3,671,415	7.82%
Other	92,130	78,628	27	27	92,157	78,655	17.07%
Total Revenue	9,309,780	8,694,665	65,771	82,587	9,375,551	8,777,252	6.82%
Expenses							
Instruction	7,643,335	6,273,545	-	-	7,643,335	6,273,545	21.83%
Supporting services	5,221,333	4,742,680	-	-	5,221,333	4,742,680	10.09%
Unallocated depreciation	366,687	364,451	-	-	366,687	364,451	0.61%
Interest expense	98,193	124,284	-	-	98,193	124,284	-20.99%
Wind turbine services	-	-	179,232	145,214	179,232	145,214	23.43%
Total Expenses	13,329,548	11,504,960	179,232	145,214	13,508,780	11,650,174	15.95%
Change in net position	\$(4,019,768)	\$(2,810,295)	\$(113,461)	\$(62,627)	\$(4,133,229)	\$(2,872,922)	43.87%

Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended (SFA). Under the SFA the School District received \$8,208 per funded student. In fiscal year 2017-18 the funded pupil count was 669.7. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership tax and state equalization. The School District receives approximately 57 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amount comes from property taxes and specific ownership tax. The School District's assessed valuation generated \$2,657,973 in property taxes levied for general purposes for fiscal year 2018.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities are made up of the wind turbine fund. These programs had total revenues of \$65,771 and expenses of \$179,232. Business type activities receive no support from tax revenue.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School district's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the end of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,022,827, an increase of \$724,717. The general fund had a fund balance increase of \$465,286.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for transactions under generally accepted accounting principles. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The differences found between the final budget and the actual expended amounts were primarily to support mill levy override expenditures as promised to our taxpayers. Additionally, the increase was to support salary and benefit requirements (PERA required contributions increased (0.5%), as well as healthcare costs. We also received additional property tax revenues due to the passing of the mill levy override creating a positive effect on our bottom line.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School Districts investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$12,342,498 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, licensed vehicles and capital leases all with an original cost greater than \$5,000 for the governmental activities and \$1,000 for the business-type activities and proprietary funds.

Capital asset additions during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Land improvements \$14,625
- Furniture and equipment \$39,906
- Licensed vehicles \$150,798

The School District's total capital assets at June 30, 2018, net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land and improvements	\$ 620,597	\$ -	\$ 620,597
Building and improvements	10,148,463	-	10,148,463
Furniture and equipment	251,257	891,114	1,142,371
Licensed vehicles	431,067	-	431,067
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 11,451,384</u>	<u>\$ 891,114</u>	<u>\$ 12,342,498</u>

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in note E to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the School District's long-term debt of \$29,702,998 represented its compensated absences of \$78,778, notes payable of \$20,000, general obligation bonds of \$3,065,000, bond premium of \$167,682, capital lease obligation of \$240,084, net pension liability of \$25,548,045 and net OPEB liability of \$583,409.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Compensated absences	\$ 78,778	\$ -	\$ 78,778
Notes payable	-	20,000	20,000
Bonds payable	3,065,000	-	3,065,000
Bond premium	167,682	-	167,682
Capital lease obligation	240,084	-	240,084
Net pension liability	25,548,045	-	25,548,045
Net OPEB liability	583,409	-	583,409
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 29,682,998</u>	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,702,998</u>

Additional information on the School District's long-term debt can be found in note G to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors

The budget is based upon the goals and objectives of all stakeholders which include the board of education, community and staff, school accountability committees, and administration. The four goals are: 1) improving student achievement, 2) retain and hire highly qualified staff, 3) develop curriculum and instruction rotation, and 4) maintain and improve facilities and student transportation. Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 17-18 budget. Among them:

- The enrollment remained steady in FY18;

- Maintenance and upkeep expenses on our buildings and grounds continue to rise due to our aging facilities despite the increase in reserves for capital replacement needs.
- The budget was built on the following considerations:
 - Salary – staff will receive a vertical step on the salary schedule. The District continues to make every effort to raise salaries when possible.
 - Fringe Benefits – The District will remain with CEBT health insurance. The health insurance premiums increased slightly, but below the state average.
 - PERA – Employer contribution will increase in July 2019 by another 0.25% for a total of 20.40% employer contribution.
 - Operation & Maintenance – Add funds to the reserve to allow for various capital replacement needs.
 - Food Services – The State requires the district to complete a lunch price equity tool to determine if lunch price need to be increased. A slight increase to lunch prices will be required in FY19. The general fund has budgeted to transfer money into the food service fund.

The District maintains the budget, quarterly reports, monthly accounts payable and current salary schedules on its website: www.wrayschools.org.

Next Year Challenges

Each year the state budget is crafted by the governor and legislature to determine how much of the total budget will be allocated to K-12 education. The state economic forecast is important to the district because a major source of funding for the district's General Operating Fund is received through the state's School Finance ACT (SFA), established by the state legislature. During the Great Recession, state revenue shortfalls forced cuts to K-12 education even though constitutionally mandated funding increases exist under Amendment 23. After the state sets the total funding for K-12 public education, each local district determines how to fund its specific programs and allocate resources to each school within its district.

At the State level, the budget stabilization factor will be reduced by \$150 million for 2018-19 to \$672.4 million. Other factor's impacting the district's future include:

- The assessed valuation in our school district has grown but we continue to see a decrease in gas exploration in Yuma County due to the national economic factors. Agriculture commodities are experiencing below average yields and below average market prices across the board. The real estate market is steady and housing availability continues to be a challenge.
- Colorado's public school finance laws are subject to review and examination through the judicial process and are subject to legislative changes as well. Appropriation decisions regarding the State's share of Total Program Funding are made on an annual basis by the State legislature. It is likely that the General Assembly may cut public school funding as part of overall State spending cuts in the future. As a results, the District cannot anticipate, with certainty, all of the factors which may influence the financing of its future activities. There is no assurance that there will not be any change in, interpretation of, or addition to the applicable laws (including but not limited to the School Finance Act), provisions, and regulations which would have a material effect, directly or indirectly on the affairs of the District.

- With the ongoing uncertainty with State funding, the District saw no other solution but to ask voters to pass a mill levy override for a local tax increase to fund the financial shortage to K-12 funding from the State. The District continues to look at cost containment measures in both the district wide and building level budgets. Our long term planning continues to focus its financial resources on student achievement in the classrooms.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Wray School District RD-2, 30222 County Road 35, Wray, Colorado 80758.

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Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the District include the following:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 3,866,423	\$ 57,991	\$ 3,924,414
Cash with fiscal agent	1,459,427		1,459,427
Investments	112,563		112,563
Receivables	294,003	8,960	302,963
Internal balances	(7,648)	7,648	-
Inventory	22,994		22,994
Capital assets, net of depreciation	11,451,384	891,114	12,342,498
Total assets	17,199,146	965,713	18,164,859
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charges on refundings of bonds	159,104		159,104
Pension and other post-employment benefit deferrals	8,081,726		8,081,726
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,240,830	-	8,240,830
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 25,439,976	\$ 965,713	\$ 26,405,689
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,804	\$ 21,439	\$ 25,243
Due to fiduciary fund	7,095		7,095
Accrued salaries and benefits	692,860		692,860
Accrued interest payable	11,032		11,032
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	582,675	20,000	602,675
Due in more than one year	29,100,323		29,100,323
Total liabilities	30,397,789	41,439	30,439,228
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension and other post-employment benefit deferrals	1,580,508		1,580,508
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,377,806	871,114	9,248,920
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	200,000		200,000
Colorado Preschool Program	26,162		26,162
Debt service	1,437,572		1,437,572
Food service operations	17		17
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,579,878)	53,160	(16,526,718)
Total net position (deficit)	(6,538,321)	924,274	(5,614,047)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 25,439,976	\$ 965,713	\$ 26,405,689

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Program Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 7,643,335	\$ 56,712	\$ 854,394	
Supporting services				
Students	301,024			
Instructional staff	524,738		30,998	
General administration	499,400		78,633	
School administration	714,769			
Business services	304,611		1,813	
Operations and maintenance	1,164,263			\$ 40,311
Student transportation	726,288		121,177	55,459
Central support services	381,279			
Food service operations	562,961	94,803	287,403	
Facilities acquisitions	42,000			
Unallocated depreciation *	366,687			
Interest and fiscal charges	98,193			
Total governmental activities	13,329,548	151,515	1,374,418	95,770
Business-type activities				
Wind turbine services	179,232	65,744		
Total school district	<u>\$ 13,508,780</u>	<u>\$ 217,259</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,418</u>	<u>\$ 95,770</u>

General revenues
 Taxes
 Property taxes, levied for general purposes
 Property taxes, levied for debt service
 Specific ownership taxes
 Delinquent taxes and interest
 State categorical aid
 Earnings on investments
 Other

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position (deficit) at beginning of year,
 as restated

Net position (deficit) at end of year

* This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (6,732,229)		\$ (6,732,229)
(301,024)		(301,024)
(493,740)		(493,740)
(420,767)		(420,767)
(714,769)		(714,769)
(302,798)		(302,798)
(1,123,952)		(1,123,952)
(549,652)		(549,652)
(381,279)		(381,279)
(180,755)		(180,755)
(42,000)		(42,000)
(366,687)		(366,687)
(98,193)		(98,193)
(11,707,845)	\$ -	(11,707,845)
	(113,488)	(113,488)
(11,707,845)	(113,488)	(11,821,333)
2,657,973		2,657,973
596,952		596,952
370,050		370,050
12,624		12,624
3,958,348		3,958,348
22,038	27	22,065
70,092		70,092
7,688,077	27	7,688,104
(4,019,768)	(113,461)	(4,133,229)
(2,518,553)	1,037,735	(1,480,818)
\$ (6,538,321)	\$ 924,274	\$ (5,614,047)

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 3,728,851		\$ 137,572	\$ 3,866,423
Cash with fiscal agent	39,817	\$ 1,419,610		1,459,427
Investments	112,563			112,563
Due from other funds	39,280		250,000	289,280
Property taxes receivable	97,847	21,976		119,823
Grants receivable	57,591		26,936	84,527
Other receivables	88,145		1,508	89,653
Inventory			22,994	22,994
Total assets	\$ 4,164,094	\$ 1,441,586	\$ 439,010	\$ 6,044,690
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,804			\$ 3,804
Due to other funds	264,743	\$ 130	\$ 39,150	304,023
Accrued salaries and benefits	636,098		56,762	692,860
Total liabilities	904,645	130	95,912	1,000,687
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred property tax revenues	17,292	3,884		21,176
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,292	3,884	-	21,176
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventory			22,994	22,994
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	200,000			200,000
Colorado Preschool Program	26,162			26,162
Debt service		1,437,572		1,437,572
Food service operations			17	17
Committed to capital projects			320,087	320,087
Assigned for risk management	80,020			80,020
Unassigned	2,935,975			2,935,975
Total fund balance	3,242,157	1,437,572	343,098	5,022,827
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 4,164,094	\$ 1,441,586	\$ 439,010	\$ 6,044,690

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 5,022,827
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	11,451,384
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	21,176
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(11,032)
Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, including bonds payable, bond premium, compensated absences and the net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	<u>(23,022,676)</u>
Net position (deficit) of the governmental activities	<u>\$ (6,538,321)</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 3,294,669	\$ 616,174	\$ 101,572	\$ 4,012,415
Intermediate sources	3,527	254		3,781
State sources	4,569,562		9,472	4,579,034
Federal sources	201,374		520,712	722,086
Total revenues	8,069,132	616,428	631,756	9,317,316
Expenditures				
Instruction	4,478,319		164,313	4,642,632
Supporting services	3,053,794		500,340	3,554,134
Capital outlay	42,000			42,000
Debt service				
Principal retirement	81,792	495,000		576,792
Interest and fiscal charges	1,218	97,700		98,918
Total expenditures	7,657,123	592,700	664,653	8,914,476
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	412,009	23,728	(32,897)	402,840
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease proceeds	321,877			321,877
Transfers in			268,600	268,600
Transfers out	(268,600)			(268,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(268,600)	-	268,600	-
Net change in fund balance	465,286	23,728	235,703	724,717
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,776,871	1,413,844	107,395	4,298,110
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 3,242,157</u>	<u>\$ 1,437,572</u>	<u>\$ 343,098</u>	<u>\$ 5,022,827</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 724,717
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(361,776)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.	(7,536)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, accrued interest payable, refunding deferred charges amortization and bond premium amortization - are measured by the amounts incurred or earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	(12,961)
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, service costs, current year benefit changes, member contributions, expected earnings on plan investments, administrative expenses and recognition of deferred outflows and inflows from the pensions and OPEB are reported as expense.	(4,617,127)
Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, however, they are reported as a long-term liability in the statement of activities.	(321,877)
Repayment of principal on bonds and capital lease obligations, are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term debt liability in the statement of net position.	576,792
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (4,019,768)</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities
	Wind Turbine
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 57,991
Due from other funds	7,648
Other receivables	8,960
Total current assets	74,599
Capital assets	
Machinery and equipment	1,748,278
Less accumulated depreciation	(857,164)
Total capital assets, net	891,114
Total assets	<u>\$ 965,713</u>
Liabilities and net position	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 21,439
Current portion of note payable	20,000
Total current liabilities/total liabilities	41,439
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	871,114
Unrestricted	53,160
Total net position	924,274
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 965,713</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities
	Wind Turbine
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 65,744
Operating expenses	
Purchased services	91,818
Depreciation	87,414
Total operating expenses	179,232
Operating loss	(113,488)
Nonoperating revenues	
Earnings on investments	27
Total nonoperating revenues	27
Change in net position	(113,461)
Net position at beginning of year	1,037,735
Net position at end of year	\$ 924,274

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities
	Wind Turbine
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 68,720
Internal activity - receipts from other funds	864
Payments to suppliers	<u>(70,379)</u>
Net cash used by operating activities	(795)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Principal paid on capital debt	<u>(20,000)</u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(20,000)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Earnings on investments	<u>27</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	27
Net decrease in cash	(20,768)
Cash at beginning of year	<u>78,759</u>
Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 57,991</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (113,488)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities	
Depreciation	87,414
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Interfund items	864
Accounts receivable	2,976
Accounts payable	<u>21,439</u>
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$ (795)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2018

	<u>Agency Funds</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 206,030
Due from other funds	<u>7,095</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 213,125</u>
Liabilities	
Due to student groups	<u>\$ 213,125</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 213,125</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies

This summary of the Wray School District RD-2's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A.1 – Reporting entity

The Wray School District RD-2 is a school district governed by an elected five-member board of education. The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units.

The District has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the District has no component units.

A.2 – Fund accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for programs funded by grants from federal and state governments, certain capital outlay expenditures, certain debt service transactions, food service operations, scholarships, and pupil activities.

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

The following are the District's nonmajor governmental funds:

Food Service Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District's food service operations.

Head Start Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for expenditures related to the Head Start Program.

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of the changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the District's major proprietary fund:

Wind Turbine Fund – This fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District's wind turbine operations.

Fiduciary Funds focus on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The District has the following fiduciary fund:

Pupil Activity Agency Fund – This fund is an agency fund used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

Note A.3 – Basis of presentation

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds focus on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address the activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

A.4 – Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the “measurable” and “available” criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Expenses/expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position as an expense with a like amount reported as revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.5 – Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the District to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

A.6 – Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

A.7 – Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

A.8 – Inventories

Food Service Fund – purchased inventories are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at the United States Department of Agriculture's assigned values, which approximate fair value, at the date of receipt. Expenditures for food items are recorded when consumed. The federal government donates surplus commodities to the national school lunch program. Commodity distributions used by the District are recorded as revenues at the date of their consumption.

A.9 – Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 for the governmental activities and \$1,000 for the business-type activities and proprietary funds are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) are capitalized along with other capital assets. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>
Land and improvements	25 years	n/a
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years	n/a
Furniture and equipment	5-25 years	5-25 years
Licensed vehicles	7-10 years	n/a

A.10 – Compensated absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Compensated absences benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Accumulated sick leave benefits are paid to employees upon termination of employment.

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Employees are allowed to carry over a maximum of 45 days of accumulated leave, unless employed by the District prior to the 2003-2004 school year, then employees may carry over a maximum of 100 days. Any such staff member who is in good standing with the District upon leaving employment shall be paid at a predetermined daily rate based on years of service for any unused accumulated leave.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account “accrued compensated absences” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of the compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

The amounts recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

A.11 – Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

A.12 – Fund balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board of education (the District's highest level of decision-making authority),

Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Committed fund balance is established by a formal passage of a resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the board of education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

A.13 – Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

A.14 – Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are wind turbine utility billings. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.15 – Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

A.16 – Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the year.

Note B – Cash and investments (Continued)

Cash and deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the District's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the District had total deposits of \$4,415,917, of which \$530,088 was insured and \$3,885,829 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note B – Cash and investments

Investments

Authorized investments – Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the District’s own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the District may include:

- Obligations of the United States Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

During the year, the District invested in Colotrust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust’s portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust’s investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. As of June 30, 2018, the District had invested \$112,563 in COLOTRUST PLUS+, an SEC Rule 2a7-like investment pool. Investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. The investment pools are routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to operations and investments.

At year-end, the District had the following investments. The investment in Colotrust (a local government investment pool) is maintained in the General Fund.

	<u>Investment maturities (in years)</u>			
<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>
Investment in Colotrust	\$ 112,563	\$ 112,563	\$ -	\$ -

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note B – Cash and investments (Continued)

Credit risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the highest rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At year-end, the District’s investment in Colostrust were rated AAA by Standard and Poor’s.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and investments:

Cash	\$ 4,130,444
Investment in Colostrust	<u>112,563</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,243,007</u>
 <u>Statement of net position</u>	
Cash	\$ 3,924,414
Investments	<u>112,563</u>
Subtotal	4,036,977
 <u>Statement of fiduciary net position</u>	
Cash	<u>206,030</u>
Subtotal	<u>206,030</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,243,007</u>

Note C – Receivables

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total Receivables</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$ 119,823	\$ -	\$ 119,823
Other receivable	89,653	8,960	98,613
Grants receivable	<u>84,527</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>84,527</u>
Total	<u>\$ 294,003</u>	<u>\$ 8,960</u>	<u>\$ 302,963</u>

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Yuma County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the County. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the District in the subsequent month.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note D – Interfund transactions

The following is a summary of interfund borrowings and transfers for the year as presented in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ 39,280	\$ 264,743
Bond redemption fund	-	130
Other governmental funds	<u>250,000</u>	<u>39,150</u>
Subtotal	289,280	304,023
<u>Business-type funds</u>		
Wind turbine fund	7,648	-
<u>Fiduciary funds</u>		
Pupil Activity Agency Fund	<u>7,095</u>	<u>-</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 304,023</u>	<u>\$ 304,023</u>

All balances resulted from the lag between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ -	\$ 268,600
Other governmental funds	<u>268,600</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 268,600</u>	<u>\$ 268,600</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During the year, the District transferred funds in the amount of \$18,600 from the General Fund to the other governmental funds to subsidize the costs of maintaining the District's food service operations. The District also transferred \$250,000 from the General Fund to the other governmental funds in order to set aside funds for capital acquisitions.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note E – Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions/ Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 359,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 359,300
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	359,300	-	-	359,300
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,232,978	14,625	-	1,247,603
Buildings and improvements	19,400,755	-	-	19,400,755
Furniture and equipment	677,250	39,906	-	717,156
Licensed vehicles	1,959,434	150,798	-	2,110,232
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>23,270,417</u>	<u>205,329</u>	-	<u>23,475,746</u>
Total capital assets	23,629,717	205,329	-	23,835,046
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(958,556)	(27,750)	-	(986,306)
Buildings and improvements	(8,854,770)	(397,522)	-	(9,252,292)
Furniture and equipment	(435,002)	(30,897)	-	(465,899)
Licensed vehicles	<u>(1,568,229)</u>	<u>(110,936)</u>	-	<u>(1,679,165)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(11,816,557)</u>	<u>(567,105)</u>	-	<u>(12,383,662)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 11,813,160</u>	<u>\$ (361,776)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,451,384</u>
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,748,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,748,278
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(769,750)</u>	<u>(87,414)</u>	-	<u>(857,164)</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 978,528</u>	<u>\$ (87,414)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 891,114</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note E – Capital assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities		
Instruction		\$ 47,978
General administration		10,635
Operations and maintenance		20,944
Student transportation		110,936
Central support service		1,469
Food service operations		8,456
Unallocated		<u>366,687</u>
Subtotal		567,107
Business-type activities		
Wind turbine operations		<u>87,414</u>
Total depreciation expense		<u>\$ 654,519</u>

Note F – Accrued salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned but not paid at year-end are estimated to be \$692,860. Accordingly, this accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

Note G – Long-term debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Due within</u> <u>one year</u>
Governmental activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 65,092	\$ 13,686	\$ -	\$ 78,778	\$ -
General obligation bonds payable	3,560,000	-	(495,000)	3,065,000	505,000
Bond premium	197,272	-	(29,590)	167,682	-
Capital lease obligation	-	321,877	(81,793)	240,084	77,675
Net pension liability	23,301,622	2,246,423	-	25,548,045	-
Net OPEB liability	<u>577,214</u>	<u>6,195</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>583,409</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 27,701,200</u>	<u>\$ 2,588,181</u>	<u>\$ (606,383)</u>	<u>\$ 29,682,998</u>	<u>\$ 582,675</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Redemption Fund, while payments on the capital lease obligation will be made in the General Fund. The compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund, as well as the net pension and OPEB liabilities. The District believes that the current portion of compensated absences is negligible and is therefore not reported.

General obligation bonds

General obligation bonds payable consist of the following individual issue:

\$5,430,000 general obligation refunding bonds, dated March 14, 2013, due in annual installments beginning in fiscal year 2014 ranging from \$385,000 to \$570,000; varying annual interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%, payable semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th.

Total general obligation bonds \$ 3,065,000

The following schedule represents the District's debt service requirement to maturity for all outstanding bond indebtedness:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 505,000	\$ 84,375	\$ 589,375
2020	520,000	69,000	589,000
2021	535,000	53,175	588,175
2022	550,000	36,900	586,900
2023	570,000	20,100	590,100
2024	<u>385,000</u>	<u>5,775</u>	<u>390,775</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 3,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 269,325</u>	<u>\$ 3,334,325</u>

Capital lease obligations

Technology lease obligation – In May 2017, the District entered into an agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase technology equipment. The agreement called for a lease term of four years. Annual payments of \$84,876 are due on July 15th of each year, with a final payment due in fiscal year 2021. The average interest rate over the lease term is 2.99%. The District has not capitalized any assets under this capital lease as none of the assets acquired met the District's capitalization threshold.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases above, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at year-end:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Debt service requirement</u>
2019	\$ 84,876
2020	84,876
2021	<u>84,876</u>
Total minimum lease payments	254,628
Less amount representing interest	<u>(14,544)</u>
Present value of future net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 240,084</u>

Business-type Activities	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>	<u>Due within one year</u>
Notes payable	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000

Payments on the notes payable are made in the Wind Turbine Fund.

Note payable

In April 2008, the District received \$200,000 from the City of Wray for up-front capital for the purchase and installation of a wind turbine. In connection with this, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Wray to repay the funds over a ten-year period that commenced on the date of the first electric production from the wind turbine. The method of reimbursement was to be selected by the District and followed until the funds have been repaid. No interest will be payable in connection with this agreement.

The following schedule represents the District's debt service requirements to maturity for the note:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	\$ 20,000	-	\$ 20,000
Totals	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,000</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan

Summary of significant accounting policies

Pensions. The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

During the 2018 legislative session, the Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. Governmental accounting standards require the net pension liability and related amounts of the SCHDTF for financial reporting purposes be measured using the plan provisions in effect as of the SCHDTF's measurement date of December 31, 2017. As such, the following disclosures do not include the changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 with the exception of the section titled Changes between the measurement date of the net pension liability and June 30, 2018.

General information about the pension plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2017. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. Section 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2017, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2018. Eligible employees and the District are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. Section 24-51-401, *et seq.* Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary. The employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	For the Year Ended December 31, <u>2017</u>	For the Year Ended December 31, <u>2018</u>
Employer contribution rate ¹	10.15%	10.15%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-208(1)(f) ¹	<u>(1.02)%</u>	<u>(1.02)%</u>
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF ¹	9.13%	9.13%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411 ¹	4.50%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411 ¹	<u>5.00%</u>	<u>5.50%</u>
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF ¹	<u><u>18.63%</u></u>	<u><u>19.13%</u></u>

¹Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$711,899 for the year ended.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$25,548,045 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. Standard

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2017 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SCHDTF.

At December 31, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.0790 percent, which was an increase of 0.0007 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,321,258. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 467,640	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	6,480,530	40,342
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	494,622	1,509,773
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	238,948	20,632
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>373,296</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,055,036</u>	<u>\$ 1,570,747</u>

\$373,296 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30, _____</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ 4,085,857
2020	2,355,020
2021	47,559
2022	<u>(377,443)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 6,110,993</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	5.26 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS benefit structure (automatic)	2.00 percent
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06; (ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

A discount rate of 4.78 percent was used in the roll-forward calculation of the total pension liability to the measurement date of December 31, 2017.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. equity – large cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. equity – small cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. equity – developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. equity – emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core fixed income	19.32%	1.20%
High yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. fixed income - developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging market debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core real estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	0.20%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date, including current and estimate future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. As the ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases financed by the AIR are defined to have a present value at the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments equal to the amount transferred for their future payment, AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments have no impact on the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) determination process when the timing of AIR cash flows is not a factor (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is not projected to be depleted). When AIR cash flow timing is a factor in the SEIR determination process (i.e., the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted), AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2041 and, as a result, the municipal bond index rate was used in the determination of the discount rate. The long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to periods through 2041 and the municipal bond index rate, the December average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer, was applied to periods on and after 2041 to develop the discount rate. For the measurement date, the municipal bond index rate was 3.43 percent, resulting in a discount rate of 4.78 percent.

As of the prior measurement date, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent and the municipal bond index rate of 3.86 percent were used in the discount rate determination resulting in a discount rate of 5.26 percent, 0.48 percent higher compared to the current measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.78 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.78 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.78 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(3.78%)</u>	<u>(4.78%)</u>	<u>(5.78%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 32,271,526</u>	<u>\$ 25,548,045</u>	<u>\$ 20,069,176</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the pension plan

The District did not report any payables to the pension plan at year-end.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Changes between the measurement date of the net pension liability and June 30, 2018

During the 2018 legislative session, the Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through SB 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years*. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to the plans administered by PERA with the goal of eliminating the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Division Trust Funds and thereby reach a 100 percent funded ratio for each division within the next 30 years.

A brief description of some of the major changes to plan provisions required by SB 18-200 are listed below. A full copy of the bill can be found online at www.leg.colorado.gov.

- Increases employer contribution rates by 0.25 percent on July 1, 2019.
- Increases employee contribution rates by a total of 2 percent (to be phased in over a period of 3 years starting on July 1, 2019).
- Directs the state to allocate \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution will be allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of the annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the other divisions eligible for the direct distribution.
- Modifies the retirement benefits, including temporarily suspending and reducing the annual increase for all current and future retirees, modifying the highest average salary for employees with less than five years of service credit on December 31, 2019 and raises the retirement age for new employees.
- Member contributions, employer contributions, the direct distribution from the state, and the annual increases will be adjusted based on certain statutory parameters beginning July 1, 2020, and then each year thereafter, to help keep PERA on path to full funding in 30 years.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$25,548,045 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability which was measured using the plan provisions in effect as of the pension plan's year-end based on a discount rate of 4.78%. For comparative purposes, the following schedule presents an estimate of what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and associated discount rate would have been had the provisions of SB 18-200, applicable to the SCHDTF, become law on December 31, 2017. This pro forma information was prepared using the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF as of December 31, 2017. Future net pension liabilities reported could be materially different based on changes in investment markets, actuarial assumptions, plan experience and other factors.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Estimated Discount Rate Calculated Using Plan Provisions Required by SB 18-200 <u>(pro forma)</u>	Proportionate Share of the Estimated Net Pension Liability Calculated Using Plan Provisions Required by SB 18-200 <u>(pro forma)</u>
7.25%	\$11,542,385

Recognizing that the changes in contribution and benefit provisions also affect the determination of the discount rate used to calculate proportionate share of the net pension liability, approximately \$11,925,987 of the estimated reduction is attributable to the use of a 7.25 percent discount rate.

Note I – Defined contribution pension plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan description. Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding policy. The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District does not offer matching contributions to its employees. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended, program members contributed \$40,487 and the District recognized pension expense and a liability of \$166,766 and \$0, respectively, for the Voluntary Investment Program.

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan

Summary of significant accounting policies

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

General information about the OPEB plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. Section 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For the benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. Section 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charges to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of the benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$38,443 for the year ended.

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$583,409 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net pension OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2017 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.0449 percent, which was an increase of 0.0004 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$46,210. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,758	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	9,761
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	4,028	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>19,904</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 26,690</u>	<u>\$ 9,761</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

\$19,904 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ (1,107)
2020	(1,107)
2021	(1,107)
2022	(1,107)
2023	1,333
2024	<u>120</u>
Totals	<u>\$ (2,975)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.00 percent
Medicare Part A premiums	3.00 percent for 2017, gradually rising to 4.25 percent in 2023
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between employers of each fund to that point.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2016, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2017	5.00%	3.00%
2018	5.00%	3.25%
2019	5.00%	3.50%
2020	5.00%	3.75%
2021	5.00%	4.00%
2022	5.00%	4.00%
2023	5.00%	4.25%
2024+	5.00%	4.25%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as show below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following economic and demographic assumptions were specifically developed for, and used in, the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF.

- The assumed rates of PERACare participation were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2017 plan year.
- The percentages of PERACare enrollees who will attain age 65 and older ages and are assumed to not qualify for premium-free Medicare Part A coverage were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of disabled PERACare enrollees who are assumed to not qualify for premium-free Medicare Part A coverage were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

- Assumed election rates for the PERACare coverage options that would be available to future PERACare enrollees who will qualify for the “No Part A Subsidy” when they retire were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed election rates for the PERACare coverage options that will be available to those current PERACare enrollees, who qualify for the “No Part A Subsidy” but have not reached age 65, were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.
- The rates of PERACare coverage election for spouses of eligible inactive members and future retirees were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The assumed age differences between future retirees and their participating spouses were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA’s actuary, as needed.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA’s Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. equity – large cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. equity – small cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. equity – developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. equity – emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core fixed income	19.32%	1.20%
High yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. fixed income - developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging market debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core real estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	0.20%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase in Trend Rates</u>
PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.00%	5.00%	6.00%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	<u>3.25%</u>	<u>4.25%</u>	<u>5.25%</u>
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 567,357	\$ 583,409	\$ 602,742

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2017 measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date. For future plan members, employer contributions were reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Transfers of a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the end of the month.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.25%)</u>	<u>(7.25%)</u>	<u>(8.25%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ <u>655,935</u>	\$ <u>583,409</u>	\$ <u>521,506</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the OPEB plan

The District did not report any payables to the OPEB plan at year-end.

Note K – Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool's objectives are to provide member school districts defined property and liability coverages through self-insurance and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies. The District pays an annual contribution to the Pool for its insurance coverages. The District's contribution for the year was \$84,109. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage or the deductible in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

Note L – Commitments and contingencies

Federal and state funding

The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

TABOR amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in student enrollment. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note L – Commitments and contingencies

requirements by the entire electorate. On November 3, 1998, the voters of the District approved a ballot initiative permitting the District to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the District has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The District has reserved funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$200,000 for the emergency reserve.

Note M – Prior-year defeasance of debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At year-end, \$4,015,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note N – Joint venture

The District participates in the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the BOCES:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the District,
- has a separate management which is responsible for the day to day operations and is accountable to the separate board,
- governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

The District has one member on the board. This board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture.

Separate financial statements of the Northeast Colorado Board of Educational Services are available by contacting their administrative office in Haxtun, Colorado.

For the year, the District's financial contribution was \$162,781.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note O – Prior period restatement

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement requires the District to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of PERA's Health Care Trust Fund (see Note J), as well as OPEB expense, and to report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for its proportionate shares of collective OPEB expense and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. The District has reduced the beginning net position of its governmental activities by \$558,711 due to the adoption of this statement.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
- Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA’s School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA’s School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA’s Health Care Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA’s Health Care Trust Fund

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 2,972,023	\$ 3,161,830	\$ 3,294,669	\$ 132,839
Intermediate sources	4,700	4,700	3,527	(1,173)
State sources	4,244,515	4,262,515	4,569,562	307,047
Federal sources	186,612	207,612	201,374	(6,238)
Total revenues	7,407,850	7,636,657	8,069,132	432,475
Expenditures				
Instruction	3,763,053	4,722,272	4,478,319	243,953
Supporting services	2,695,957	2,933,230	3,053,794	(120,564)
Capital outlay			42,000	(42,000)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	84,800		81,792	(81,792)
Interest and fiscal charges			1,218	(1,218)
Appropriated reserves	3,480,979	2,766,607		2,766,607
Total expenditures	10,024,789	10,422,109	7,657,123	2,764,986
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,616,939)	(2,785,452)	412,009	3,197,461
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease proceeds			321,877	321,877
Transfers out	(300,888)	(285,181)	(268,600)	16,581
Total other financing source (uses)	(300,888)	(285,181)	53,277	338,458
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,917,827)	\$ (3,070,633)	465,286	\$ 3,535,919
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,776,871	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 3,242,157	

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2018

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0790%	0.0783%	0.0770%	0.0779%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,548,045	\$ 23,301,622	\$ 11,775,614	\$ 10,552,551
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,644,497	\$ 3,515,279	\$ 3,355,357	\$ 3,261,743
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	701.00%	662.87%	350.95%	323.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	43.96%	43.10%	59.20%	62.84%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

June 30, 2014

0.0824%

\$ 10,511,588

\$ 3,322,277

316.40%

64.07%

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2018

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 711,899	\$ 654,155	\$ 612,026	\$ 553,398
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(711,899)</u>	<u>(654,155)</u>	<u>(612,026)</u>	<u>(553,398)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,768,879	\$ 3,558,108	\$ 3,452,695	\$ 3,276,669
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.89%	18.38%	17.73%	16.89%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

June 30, 2014

\$ 526,074

(526,074)

\$ -

\$ 3,291,484

15.98%

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2018

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0449%	0.0445%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 583,409	\$ 577,214
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,644,497	\$ 3,515,279
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.01%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	17.53%	16.72%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2018

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 38,443	\$ 36,293
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(38,443)</u>	<u>(36,293)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,768,879	\$ 3,558,108
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note A – Budgetary data

The District adheres to the following procedures in compliance with Colorado Revised Statutes, establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

1. Budgets are required by state law for all funds. Prior to May 31, the superintendent of schools submits to the board of education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the board of education to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
4. Prior to January 31, the board of education submits its adopted annual budget to the department of education.
5. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund and reallocation of budget line items within any department in the General Fund rests with the superintendent of schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board of education.
6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
7. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the board of education throughout the year. After budget approval, the District board of education may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which was not known at the time the budget was adopted.
8. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note B – Factors affecting trends in amounts reported in the pension and OPEB schedules

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of District Contributions is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedules - General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the District's ordinary operations financed primarily from property and specific ownership taxes and state aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,581,168	\$ 2,630,048	\$ 2,664,411	\$ 34,363
Specific ownership taxes	276,871	297,028	370,050	73,022
Delinquent taxes and interest	3,200	3,200	10,047	6,847
Tuition	45,874	45,874	48,437	2,563
Earnings on investments	3,910	3,910	6,420	2,510
Pupil activities	5,500	5,500	8,275	2,775
Other local revenue	55,500	176,270	187,029	10,759
Total local sources	2,972,023	3,161,830	3,294,669	132,839
Intermediate sources	4,700	4,700	3,527	(1,173)
State sources				
Equalization	3,673,699	3,673,699	3,958,348	284,649
Vocational education	6,614	21,614	29,355	7,741
Transportation	100,000	100,000	121,177	21,177
ELPA professional development	26,822	26,822	22,614	(4,208)
English language proficiency	18,662	18,662	16,569	(2,093)
READ Act	10,871	13,871	15,466	1,595
State grants to libraries	3,500	3,500	3,500	-
Small rural schools funding	234,218	234,218	234,218	-
Additional at-risk funding			4,620	4,620
Services within the BOCES	170,129	170,129	163,695	(6,434)
Total state sources	4,244,515	4,262,515	4,569,562	307,047
Federal sources				
Title I	116,391	116,391	116,876	485
Title II-A	21,732	21,732	22,229	497
REAP	36,989	36,989	33,260	(3,729)
Title IV-A		10,000	7,284	(2,716)
IDEA, Part D		10,000	7,623	(2,377)
Services within the BOCES	11,500	12,500	14,102	1,602
Total federal sources	186,612	207,612	201,374	(6,238)
Total revenues	\$ 7,407,850	\$ 7,636,657	\$ 8,069,132	\$ 432,475

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Salaries	\$ 2,307,588	\$ 3,224,057	\$ 2,547,269	\$ 676,788
Employee benefits	901,949	905,500	998,896	(93,396)
Purchased services	287,420	298,500	330,151	(31,651)
Supplies and materials	212,136	230,470	207,574	22,896
Property	19,000	25,745	346,304	(320,559)
Other	34,960	38,000	48,125	(10,125)
Total instruction	3,763,053	4,722,272	4,478,319	243,953
Supporting services				
Students				
Salaries	115,084	130,000	119,365	10,635
Employee benefits	44,554	55,000	46,736	8,264
Purchased services	2,050	2,050	749	1,301
Supplies and materials	1,844	2,044	635	1,409
Other	430	430	300	130
Total students	163,962	189,524	167,785	21,739
Instructional staff				
Salaries	147,157	148,250	143,201	5,049
Employee benefits	63,774	64,000	59,618	4,382
Purchased services	96,133	81,132	73,922	7,210
Supplies and materials	61,340	62,340	74,792	(12,452)
Property	7,500	7,500	12,235	(4,735)
Other	1,500	1,500	1,125	375
Total instructional staff	377,404	364,722	364,893	(171)
General administration				
Salaries	112,611	115,500	120,923	(5,423)
Employee benefits	36,495	38,000	38,265	(265)
Purchased services	45,997	59,200	50,299	8,901
Supplies and materials	1,400	6,500	1,293	5,207
Other	12,900	15,000	7,432	7,568
Total general administration	209,403	234,200	218,212	15,988

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
School administration				
Salaries	266,900	270,000	288,067	(18,067)
Employee benefits	96,357	98,000	101,554	(3,554)
Purchased services	3,000	3,000	430	2,570
Supplies and materials	2,000	2,000	916	1,084
Other	2,480	2,500	2,253	247
Total school administration	370,737	375,500	393,220	(17,720)
Business services				
Salaries	87,252	88,010	89,102	(1,092)
Employee benefits	31,843	32,500	30,918	1,582
Purchased services	37,324	38,000	27,761	10,239
Supplies and materials	22,000	25,000	44,797	(19,797)
Property	4,000	5,000	1,241	3,759
Other	2,900	2,900	7,817	(4,917)
Total business services	185,319	191,410	201,636	(10,226)
Operations and maintenance				
Salaries	262,303	262,303	244,383	17,920
Employee benefits	100,341	100,341	109,836	(9,495)
Purchased services	144,900	185,680	236,015	(50,335)
Supplies and materials	235,000	235,000	270,426	(35,426)
Property	34,500	34,500	56,477	(21,977)
Other	3,000	3,000	7,926	(4,926)
Total operations and maintenance	780,044	820,824	925,063	(104,239)
Student transportation				
Salaries	225,082	227,082	217,740	9,342
Employee benefits	87,144	87,373	90,356	(2,983)
Purchased services	18,300	26,500	14,658	11,842
Supplies and materials	74,000	74,000	88,052	(14,052)
Property	2,500	57,490	154,107	(96,617)
Other	(28,560)	(28,560)	(41,811)	13,251
Total student transportation	378,466	443,885	523,102	(79,217)

(continued)

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Central support services				
Salaries	50,750	156,755	107,440	49,315
Employee benefits	22,358	18,900	11,971	6,929
Purchased services	153,774	134,010	133,861	149
Supplies and materials	2,240	2,000	6,080	(4,080)
Other	1,500	1,500	531	969
Total central support services	230,622	313,165	259,883	53,282
Total supporting services	2,695,957	2,933,230	3,053,794	(120,564)
Capital outlay				
Facilities acquisitions				
Purchased services			42,000	(42,000)
Total capital outlay	-	-	42,000	(42,000)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	84,800		81,792	(81,792)
Interest and fiscal charges			1,218	(1,218)
Total debt service	84,800	-	83,010	(83,010)
Appropriated reserves	3,480,979	2,766,607		2,766,607
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 10,024,789</u>	<u>\$ 10,422,109</u>	<u>\$ 7,657,123</u>	<u>\$ 2,764,986</u>

**Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules –
Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Food Service Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District’s food service operations.
- Head Start Fund – This fund is to account for expenditures related to the Head Start Program.

Capital Projects Fund – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund was established to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2018

	Food Service Fund	Head Start Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	Totals
Assets				
Cash	\$ 65,805	\$ 1,680	\$ 70,087	\$ 137,572
Due from other funds			250,000	250,000
Grants receivable		26,936		26,936
Other receivables	1,508			1,508
Inventory	22,994			22,994
Total assets	\$ 90,307	\$ 28,616	\$ 320,087	\$ 439,010
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	\$ 39,150			\$ 39,150
Accrued salaries and benefits	28,146	\$ 28,616		56,762
Total liabilities	67,296	28,616	\$ -	95,912
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventory	22,994			22,994
Restricted for food service operations	17			17
Committed to capital projects			320,087	320,087
Total fund balance	23,011	-	320,087	343,098
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 90,307	\$ 28,616	\$ 320,087	\$ 439,010

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Food Service Fund	Head Start Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	Totals
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 101,529	\$ 8	\$ 35	\$ 101,572
State sources	9,472			9,472
Federal sources	277,931	242,781		520,712
Total revenues	388,932	242,789	35	631,756
Expenditures				
Instruction		164,313		164,313
Supporting services	421,864	78,476		500,340
Total expenditures	421,864	242,789	-	664,653
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(32,932)	-	35	(32,897)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	18,600		250,000	268,600
Net change in fund balances	(14,332)	-	250,035	235,703
Fund balance at beginning of year	37,343	-	70,052	107,395
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 23,011</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 320,087</u>	<u>\$ 343,098</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Food Service Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 103,008	\$ 119,316	\$ 101,529	\$ (17,787)
State sources	8,700	8,900	9,472	572
Federal sources	242,895	276,500	277,931	1,431
Total revenues	354,603	404,716	388,932	(15,784)
Expenditures				
Supporting services				
Salaries	121,042	125,507	118,830	6,677
Employee benefits	68,548	69,488	60,757	8,731
Purchased services	7,400	11,400	12,739	(1,339)
Supplies and materials	203,502	229,502	229,293	209
Property	4,000	4,000	245	3,755
Appropriated reserves	32,310	37,327		37,327
Total expenditures	436,802	477,224	421,864	55,360
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(82,199)	(72,508)	(32,932)	39,576
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	49,889	35,181	18,600	(16,581)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (32,310)	\$ (37,327)	(14,332)	\$ 22,995
Fund balance at beginning of year			37,343	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 23,011	

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Head Start Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 8	\$ 4
Federal sources	253,710	256,152	242,781	(13,371)
Total revenues	253,714	256,156	242,789	(13,367)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Salaries	94,843	76,319	85,741	(9,422)
Employee benefits	47,007	35,507	36,963	(1,456)
Purchased services	22,349	52,160	34,985	17,175
Supplies and materials	12,001	8,686	5,678	3,008
Property	1,000	1,000	946	54
Total instruction	177,200	173,672	164,313	9,359
Supporting services				
Salaries	51,692	56,127	54,305	1,822
Employee benefits	24,822	26,353	24,171	2,182
Total supporting services	76,514	82,480	78,476	4,004
Appropriated reserves	63,428	60,990		60,990
Total expenditures	317,142	317,142	242,789	74,353
Net change in fund balance	\$ (63,428)	\$ (60,986)	-	\$ 60,986
Fund balance at beginning of year			-	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ -	

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 35	\$ 15
Expenditures				
Appropriated reserves	351,024	561,033		561,033
Total expenditures	351,024	561,033	-	561,033
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(351,004)	(561,013)	35	(561,018)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	250,999	250,999	250,000	(999)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (100,005)</u>	<u>\$ (310,014)</u>	250,035	<u>\$ (562,017)</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year			<u>70,052</u>	
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 320,087</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund

The District reports the following major debt service fund:

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Bond Redemption Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 590,700	\$ 590,700	\$ 598,050	\$ 7,350
Delinquent taxes and interest	1,000	1,000	2,577	1,577
Interest on investments	2,600	2,600	15,547	12,947
Total local sources	594,300	594,300	616,174	21,874
Intermediate sources	1,500	1,500	254	(1,246)
Total revenues	595,800	595,800	616,428	20,628
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	495,000	495,000	495,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	107,500	107,500	97,700	9,800
Appropriated reserves	771,894	1,407,144		1,407,144
Total expenditures	1,374,394	2,009,644	592,700	1,416,944
Net change in fund balance	\$ (778,594)	\$ (1,413,844)	23,728	\$ 1,437,572
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,413,844	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 1,437,572	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Enterprise Fund

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Funds – These funds are used to account for operations that provide services that are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

- Wind Turbine Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District's wind turbine operations.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Wind Turbine Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 65,744	\$ (14,256)
Operating expenses				
Purchased services	49,396	49,396	91,818	(42,422)
Other	5,000	5,000		5,000
Depreciation	83,900	83,900	87,414	(3,514)
Appropriated reserves	879,220	982,027		982,027
Total expenses	<u>1,017,516</u>	<u>1,120,323</u>	<u>179,232</u>	<u>941,091</u>
Operating loss	(937,516)	(1,040,323)	(113,488)	926,835
Nonoperating revenues				
Earnings on investments	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>(23)</u>
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>50</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>(23)</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ (937,466)</u>	<u>\$ (1,040,273)</u>	<u>(113,461)</u>	<u>\$ 926,812</u>
Net position at beginning of year			<u>1,037,735</u>	
Net position at end of year			<u>\$ 924,274</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Fiduciary Fund

These funds focus on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds.

Agency funds – These funds are used to report resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). These funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

- Pupil Activity Agency Fund – This fund is an agency fund used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Pupil Activity Agency Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Additions				
Fundraising and other events	\$ 425,000	\$ 425,000	\$ 393,175	\$ (31,825)
Deductions				
Pupil activity expenditures	425,000	425,000	316,083	108,917
Appropriated reserves	153,096	153,096		153,096
Total deductions	578,096	578,096	316,083	262,013
Excess of additions over (under) deductions	\$ (153,096)	\$ (153,096)	77,092	\$ 230,188
Due to student groups at beginning of year			136,033	
Due to student groups at end of year			\$ 213,125	

**Colorado Department of Education
Supplementary Schedule**

Auditors' integrity report – This fiscal-year report is required by the Colorado Department of Education to maintain statewide consistency in financial reporting. This report is also used to gather financial data that could affect future state funding.

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Independent Auditors' Report on Auditors' Integrity Report

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of the Wray School District RD-2 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and our report thereon dated December 10, 2018, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, appears on pages 1-3. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Auditors' Integrity Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 10, 2018



Colorado Department of Education
Auditors Integrity Report
 District: 3210 - WRAY RD-2
 Fiscal Year 2017-18
 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	2,736,871	8,082,390	7,657,123	3,162,137
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	40,000	40,020	0	80,020
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total	2,776,871	8,122,410	7,657,123	3,242,157
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main, Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	37,343	407,533	421,865	23,011
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	242,789	242,789	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	1,413,844	616,428	592,700	1,437,572
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	70,052	250,035	0	320,087
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	4,298,110	9,639,194	8,914,477	5,022,828
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	1,037,735	65,771	179,232	924,274
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	1,037,735	65,771	179,232	924,274
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	136,033	393,175	316,084	213,125
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	136,033	393,175	316,084	213,125

FINAL